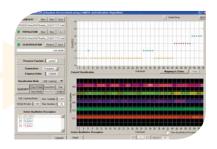


LAAS-CNRS







Microsystems

Micro and Nano Technologies

Automatic control

Networks

Dependable computing

Robotics and Al

Interaction with life

Pervasive Intelligence



MINAS MICRO AND NANO SYSTEMS RESEARCH AREA

SYSTEMS

The MINAS Area research groups work on micro and nano systems design and fabrication for telecommunications, embedded systems, energy management, medical diagnosis and chemical analysis, using a 1500 m² clean room as well as CAD and characterization facilities.

8 RESEARCH **GROUPS**

82 RESEARCHERS

133 PhD STUDENTS

To study and develop multidisciplinary and multifunctional micro and nano systems

- · Micro and nano technologies integrating new functional organic and inorganic materials, heterogeneous integration technologies
- · Multi-physical and multi-scale modeling for micro and nano systems, bionanotechnologies and ultimate electronics
- · Complex Microsystems design, virtual prototyping
- Microsystems reliability
- · Micro and nano systems for detection and actuation
- · Micro-nanofluidics, nanobiosystems
- Optical sources and functions for photonic integration, nanophotonics, MOEMS and micro-optics
- · Power-electronics components, electrical and photovoltaic energy management integration systems
- RF-MEMS and integrated microwave circuits

The Research Groups

Integration of Energy Management Systems

Micro and Nanosystems for Wireless Communications

Microwave Integrated Devices and Systems for **Telecommunications**

Photonics

Nanobiosystems

Microdevices and Microsystems for Detection

Nano Engineering and System Integration

High Frequency Fluidic Micro and Nano Systems

Highlights

- · High-sensitivity, diffraction-based biochip fabricated by nanoimprint
- · Silicon nanowires-based high resolution thermometry
- · Microsupercapacitors (0.5 mF/cm²) fabricated by inkjet printing
- Realization of Deep Trench Termination (DT2) for high voltage power devices
- Modeling tools for the blind prediction of biomolecular flexibility: case of the HIV-1 protease
- Integration of energetic nanomaterials

- · Telecommunications, Mobile Phones
- · Pharmacological Research and Bio-Medical Diagnosis
- Aeronautics and Space
- Domotics
- Adaptive and ophthalmic optics
- Metrology







CRITICAL

`RITICAL INFORMATION SYSTEMS RESEARCH AREA

INFORMATION SYSTEMS

The SINC Area research groups work on the definition, validation and exploitation of both formal and experimental methods and techniques for the design, verification, evaluation and development of software-intensive critical systems.

4 RESEARCH GROUPS

54 RESEARCHERS

49 PhD STUDENTS

The Research Groups

Dependable Computing and Fault Tolerance

Software and Tools for Communicating Systems

Systems Engineering and Integration

Distributed Computing and Asynchronism

To design and analyze information processing architectures within networks, embedded systems and critical infrastructures

- Dynamic and complex systems: autonomy, evolvability, self-adaptivity
- Functional and non functional specifications: real-time, quality of service, safety, resilience, computer security and privacy
- · Network topology, communication protocols and composition of properties
- · Resilient architectures with respect to accidental faults and malicious faults
- Ubiquitous computing: strong interactions, mobility of users, devices and services
- Distributed computing, asynchronous algorithms and networks
- · Modeling and evaluation using stochastic processes
- Real-time simulation and distributed co-simulation
- Methodologies for the design, simulation and prototyping of heterogeneous systems
- Analysis and experimental characterization in nominal or disturbed operation modes

Highlights

- · Coordination of the European Network of Excellence "Resilience for Survivability in IST"
- Characterization of Internet attacks using honeypots
- Design of a multi-domain and multi-technology architecture with guaranteed quality of service
- Development of the verification chain Fiacre/TINA in the open source software TOPCASED
- Realization of a demonstrator of mobile systems on a small scale for testing the resilience of wireless networks
- Techniques for protecting privacy within the IP PRIME project, Privacy Innovation Technology Award 2008 of IAPP
- · Award of the French Academy of Science in Informatics

- Aeronautics and Space
- Ground Transportation
- Telecommunications and Networking
- Production Systems
- · Energy Distribution
- · Services





MOCOSY MODELING, OPTIMIZATION AND CONTROL OF SYSTEMS RESEARCH AREA

AND CONTROL OF SYSTEMS

The MOCOSY area research groups work on uncertain dynamic continuous-time or discrete-event systems and production systems. Close links exist with the Applied Mathematics and the Artificial Intelligence Communities.

4 RESEARCH **GROUPS**

50 RESEARCHERS

37 PhD STUDENTS

The Research groups

Diagnosis and **Supervisory Control**

Methods and Algorithms in Control

Modeling, Optimization and Integrated Management of Activity **Systems**

Modeling and Control of Networks and Signals

To observe, control, optimize dynamic systems at different levels of abstraction and according to different architectures

- · Robust and structured control laws synthesis
- · Stability analysis by parameterized Lyapunov functions
- Diffusive representations and non linear operators
- · Advanced decision structures: multilevel and/or distributed, reactive and
- · Optimal resource allocation and scheduling
- · Combinatorial optimization and constraint programming
- · Theory of moments, optimization and algebraic geometry
- · Volterra filtering, particle filters
- · Set-membership fault detection
- · Hereditary algorithms for identification
- Model-based and logical diagnosis
- · Surveillance and supervision using learning methods

Highlights

- · Software tools: Gloptipoly, RoMulOC, Ca~En, Koala, DIADES, SALSA, ...
- ORDO software used by 80 production units in France
- · Geolocation system for the ill sighted
- Hybrid simulation in networks
- · Deterministic version of particle filtering
- Participation to the launch of the Japanese French Laboratory for Informatics (LIA IFLI)
- · Lagrange Prize in continuous optimization
- · Amélia Earhart Prize of Zonta

- Aeronautics and Space
- Transportation Systems
- Health





RIA

ROBOTICS AND ROBOTICS AND ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE RESEARCH AREA

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

The RIA area research groups work on robot operational and decisional autonomy and on the development of complete robot systems. Experimental facilities include several ground and aerial robots, mobile manipulators and a humanoid robot.

3 RESEARCH **GROUPS**

22 RESEARCHERS

51 PhD STUDENTS

The Research groups

Robotics, Action and Perception

Robotics and Interactions

Humanoid Motion

To take up the challenge of robot operational and decisional autonomy

- · Environment stochastic modeling
- · Algorithmic motion planning
- · Non-holonomic systems control
- Autonomous navigation and localization
- Temporal planning and supervision
- Human-robot decisional interaction
- Perception and modeling of humans
- Design and validation of cognitive architectures
- Learning
- · Multi-robot cooperation and coordination
- Integrated sensors

Such interdisciplinary research applied to areas ranging from embedded systems to biochemistry and neurosciences.

Hiahliahts

- Validation of robot control architectures
- · Jido: an autonomous interactive robot
- Motion planning for humanoid robots
- · Modeling and algorithms for molecular motion
- · France-Japan JRL joint laboratory in humanoid robotics
- European (IST FP6/FP7) and national Collaborative projects on cognitive robotics
- · Collaborative projects on cooperative aeroterrestrial robots
- · Demonstration of integrated robots: Rackham, HRP2, Jido (London, Paris, Prague)
- Open source software for robotics

- Environment exploration and surveillance
- · Automotive and transportation systems
- Aeronautics and Space
- Embedded Systems
- · Defense, Civil Security





LAAS CNRS

RESEARCH AT THE HEART OF THE INFORMATION SOCIETY



LAAS is a research unit of the CNRS, the French National Centre for Scientific Research. LAAS is associated with the University of Toulouse. LAAS conducts pluridisciplinary research in the areas of Information and Systems Sciences and Technologies, within four domains:

- · Micro and Nano Technologies,
- Automatic control, Optimization and Signal Processing
- · Critical Information Systems,
- · Robotics and Artificial Intelligence.

- 656 persons202 researchers and faculty members
- 262 PhD students
- 68 post-docs and visiting researchers
- 122 engineers and technicians

900 annual publications

19 research groups

16 M€ of annual operational budget

Involvement in 3 competitiveness clusters. Member of the RTRA STAE (Sciences and Technologies for Aeronautics and Space Network).









Two transdisciplinary axes

- Interactions with life (biology, humans)
- · ADREAM: program on networked and ubiquitous systems

A continuing scientific challenge

To understand, design and master complex, natural or artificial, integrated or divided systems.

Experimental and development facilities serving research

- Micro and Nano Technologies Platform with 1500 m² clean room
- · Characterization Platform for micro and nanosystems
- · Computer-Aided Design (CAD) facilities
- · Experimental Networking Platform
- Embedded Systems Platform
- · Robotics Platform

Close Industrial Relationships

- Carnot Label
- Joint labs with industries
- · AIRSYS with Airbus
- · LISPA with Freescale
- PEARL with Alstom
- PixCell with Essilor
- · Autodiag with Actia

5 startups

- · Kineo: motion planning
- Neosens: chemical sensors
- QoS design: simulation/optimization for networks
- · Tag Technologies: microsystems for motion detection in Domotics
- · Noomeo: 3D sensors for CAD
- Industrial affiliates Club:
- 64 companies



LAAS-CNRS Laboratory for Analysis and Architecture of Systems 7 avenue du Colonel Roche, 31077 TOULOUSE Cedex 4 - FRANCE Tel.: +33 (0) 5 61 33 62 00 - Fax.: +33 (0) 5 61 55 35 77 - Email: laas-contact@laas.fr www.laas.fr





