LAAS-CNRS 40th Anniversary Workshop

ADUN: Appliance Defined Ubiquitous Network - Global Network Infrastructure for Real World Sensing -

October, 2008 Haruhisa Ichikawa University of Electro-Communications, Tokyo

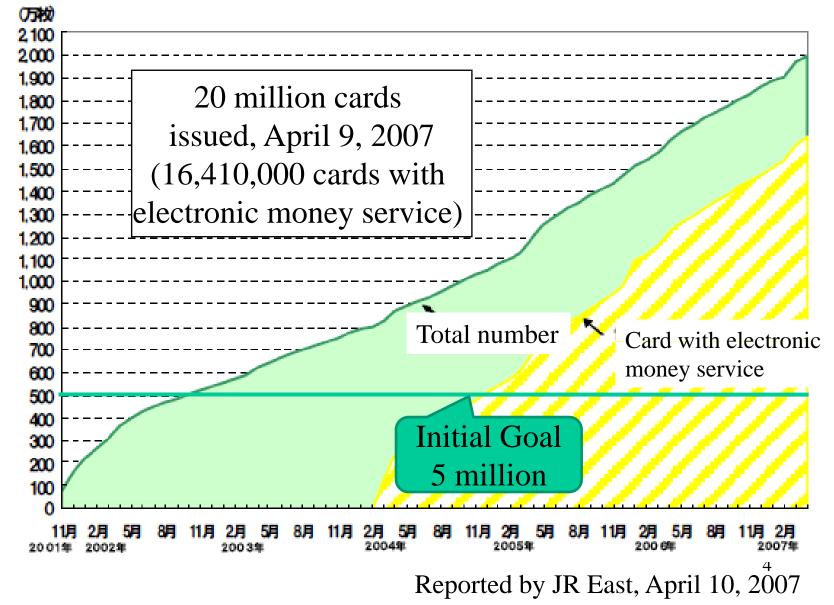
Supported by CREST/ULP, NICT

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Small wireless appliances are being applied to integrate ICT infrastructures

Improvement of Existing Infrastrures

Japan Railway's Passive RFID Card "SUICA": Market Penetration and Service Enhancement



Integration or Convergence of Existing Infrastructure Services

New Value Creation by Service Convergence

- End-to-end navigation by convergence of navigation systems
 - Train timetable
 - Car Navigation
 - Mobile phones with GPS

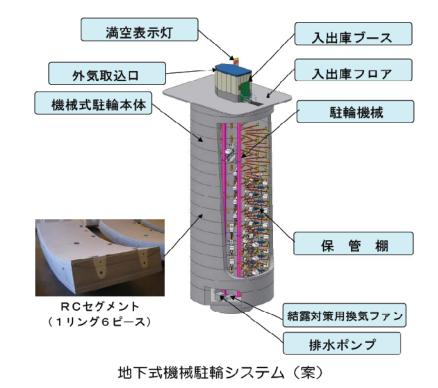


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Creation of New Infrastructures

Bicycle Parking Silo at Kasai Station, Edogawa Ward, Tokyo

- Objective
 - Provision of parking to 3,000 uncontrolled bicycles
 - Encouragement of bicycle usages for environment protection
- Store 9,400 bicycles
- Active RFID attached to bicycles for storing and finding them
- IC cards for retrieving them
- 5 seconds for storing, 5 to 20 seconds for retrieving
- Construction cost: 7 billion Yen
 - Fare:
 - 1,800Yen/month (1,000Yen for students)
- Impacts to Environments
 - CO2 increase: Construction, Operation
 - CO2 reduction: Car usage reduction



Bicycle Parking Silo at Kasai Station, Edogawa Ward, Tokyo (Continued)



Active tags attached to bicyle

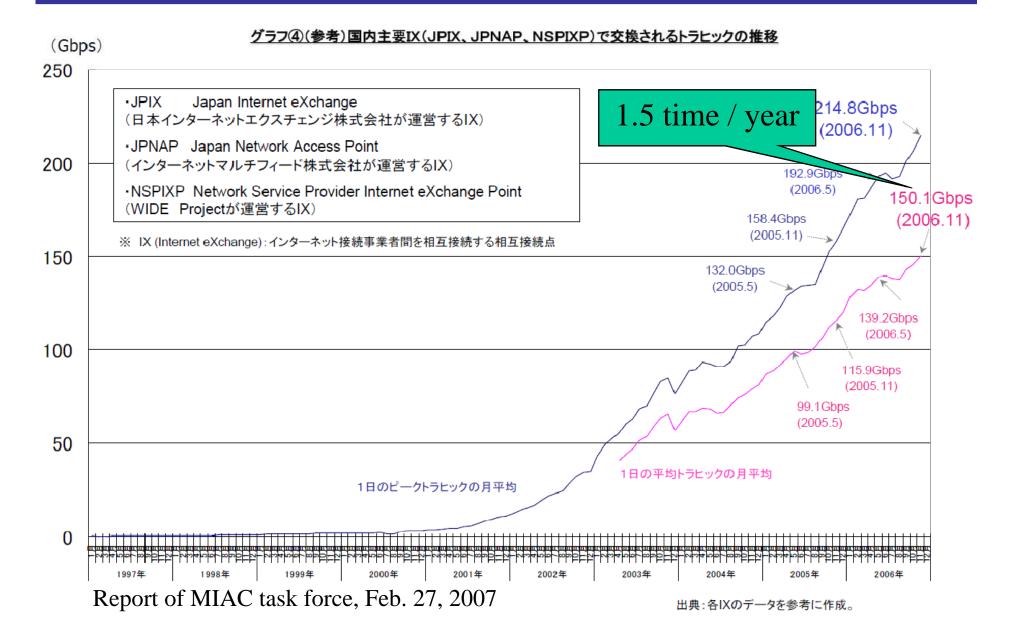
http://www.news.city.edogawa.tokyo.jp/flashindex.html

Expectation and Challenges of Networking RFID and Sensors

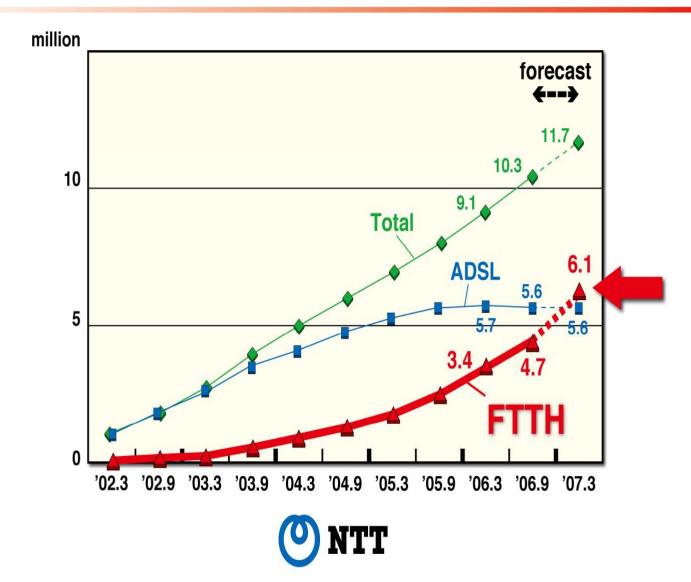
- From networking of human beings to networking of things
 - Wireless appliances including RFID and sensors have been successfully applied to networking of human beings
 - New value creation by networking of things
- The ubiquitous wireless networks in future will provide the real object web, while the Internet provides the information web.
- However, innovative technologies and approaches will be required to network the wireless appliances.

Trends of Networks in Japan

Rapidly Increasing Internet Backbone Traffic in Japan



Numbers of NTT Broadband Users



Extraordinary Network Capacity Expansion Prepares ICT Platform Shift

Terminals/appliances Determine ICT Platform Architectures



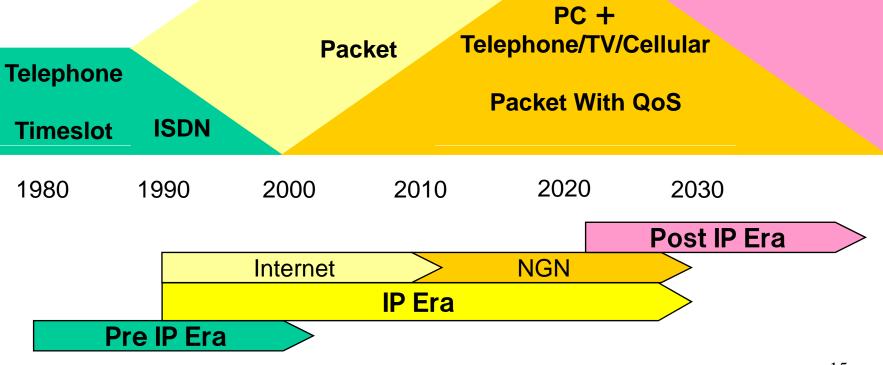
Terminal/Appliances change

PC

Traffic property change

Wireless Ubiquitous Appliances, Image Media

Stream



Architectural Principles of the Internet

- The goal is connectivity
- The tool is the Internet Protocol
- The intelligence is end to end rather than hidden in the network

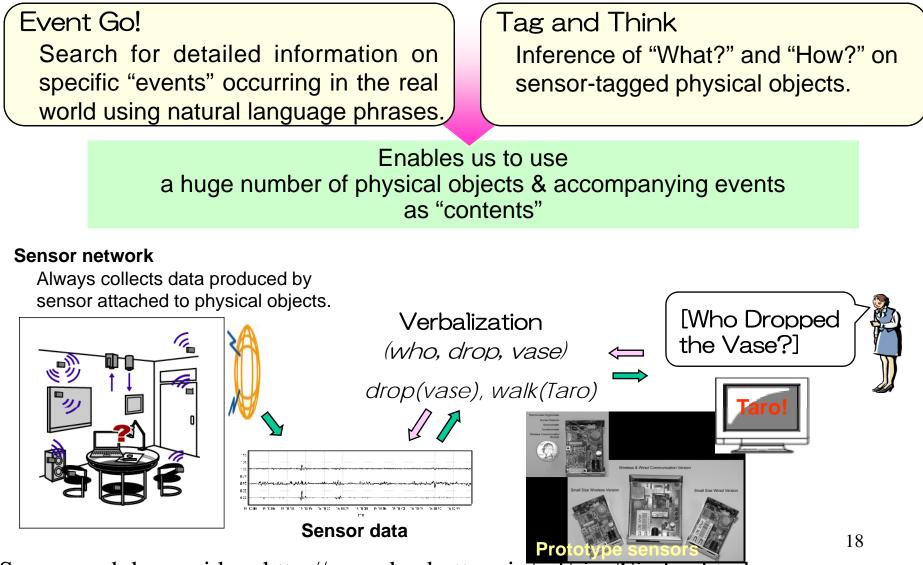
B. Carpenter, Editor: "Architectural Principles of the Internet" Internet Architecture Board, RFC1958, June 1996

Terminals/Appliances for Ubiquitous Networks

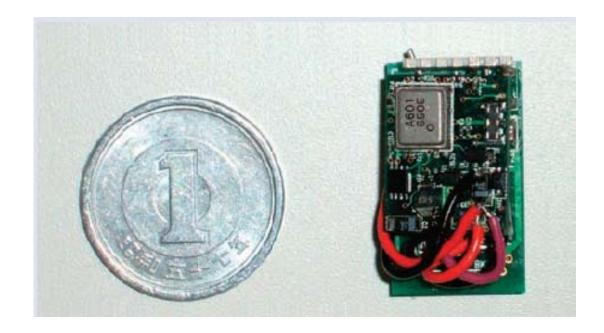
What are Grand Challenges of Ubiquitous Networks?

Event Search in Real World: s-room

Real-world event search & retrieval based on sensor-network environments



Source and demo video: http://www.kecl.ntt.co.jp/csl/sirg/Eindex.html



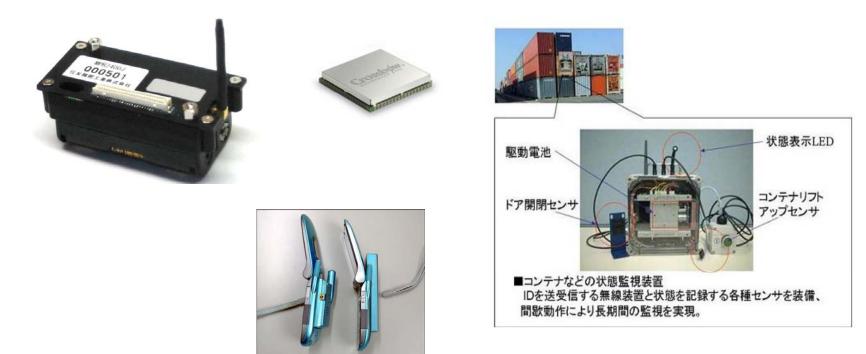
Source: http://www.kecl.ntt.co.jp/csl/sirg/Eindex.html

Variety of Active RFID Tags and Readers

Cited from makers' home pages



アクティブ無線タグを用いたアプリケーションの一例



Most Popular Active RFID: Car Clicker

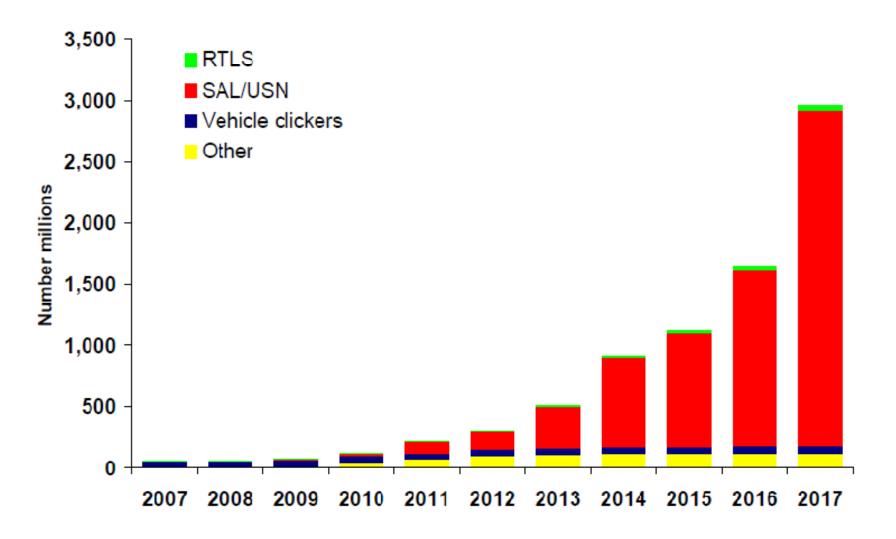
- Remote keyless system with immobilizer function
- Radio Frequency
 - USA, Japan: 315MHz
 - Europe: 433.92MHz or 868MHz
- Encription key length: 128 bits
- Life: About 5 years with a coin battery



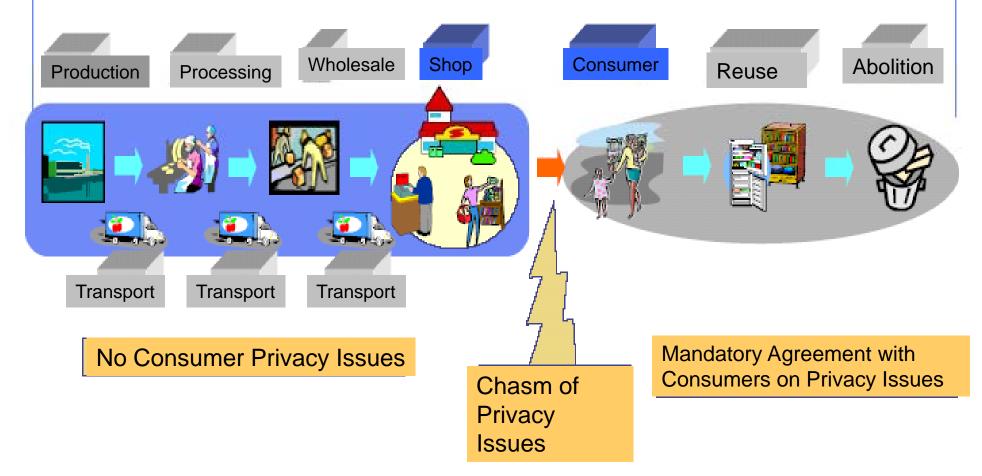
http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Keyless_entry

Global Market for Active Tags in Millions 2007-2017

Figure 3 Global market for active tags in millions 2007-2017



Consumer Privacy Protection Mandatory for RFID Application to SCM



Ubiquitous Networking Forum Report, 2004 http://www.ubiquitous-forum.jp/

Two Types of Infrastructures

- Infrastructures commercially sustainable for a specific service (area)
 - Ex) JR SUICA, Mobile phone
 - They are launched strictly according to their profitability.
 - Ex) ETC
 - Ex) Citizenship ID card
- Infrastructures supporting niche services to be commercially provided
 - Ex) Internet

Grand Challenges of Ubiquitous Networks

- Niche Applications / No single killer application enabling the network infrastructure
 - Almost impossible to standardize the wireless interfaces between appliances and the network.
 - Ubiquitous use of applications at low cost for construction and operation
 - Large money will not be paid for the applications while many of them will be mission critical and will demand appliance mobility
- Security and Privacy Control
 - Appliances will not be allowed to be connected to the network, where the appliances can be accessed from any hosts like the Internet unless special control mechanism installed.
- Network Infrastructure Creation and Evolution
 - Efficient migration from the Internet / Efficient use of the existing infrastructures
 - Accommodate functionally improved appliances and technologies in the future

ADUN: Appliance Defined Ubiquitous Network

ADUN: Appliance Defined Ubiquitous Network

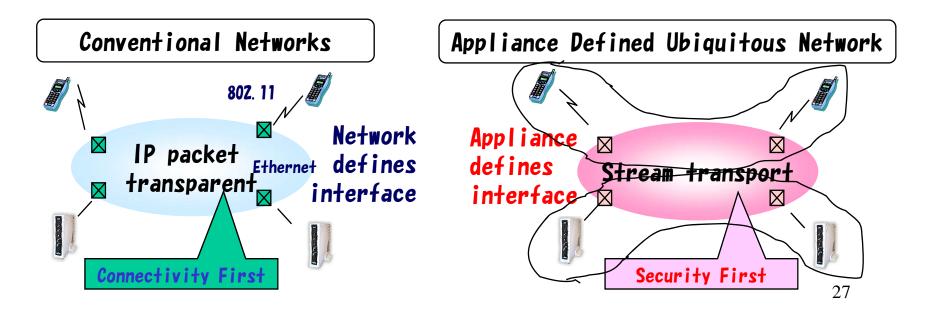
·Networks speak any protocols of wireless appliances

· Conventional networks define the protocols for appliances to speak

· Continuous radio data streams are transported over networks.

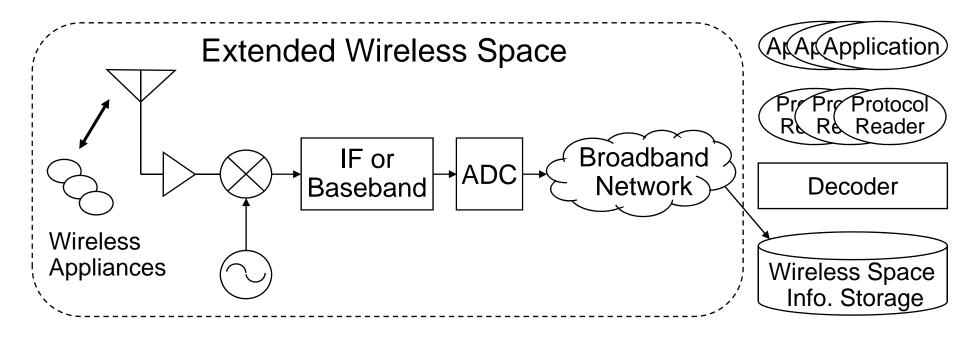
·Security first

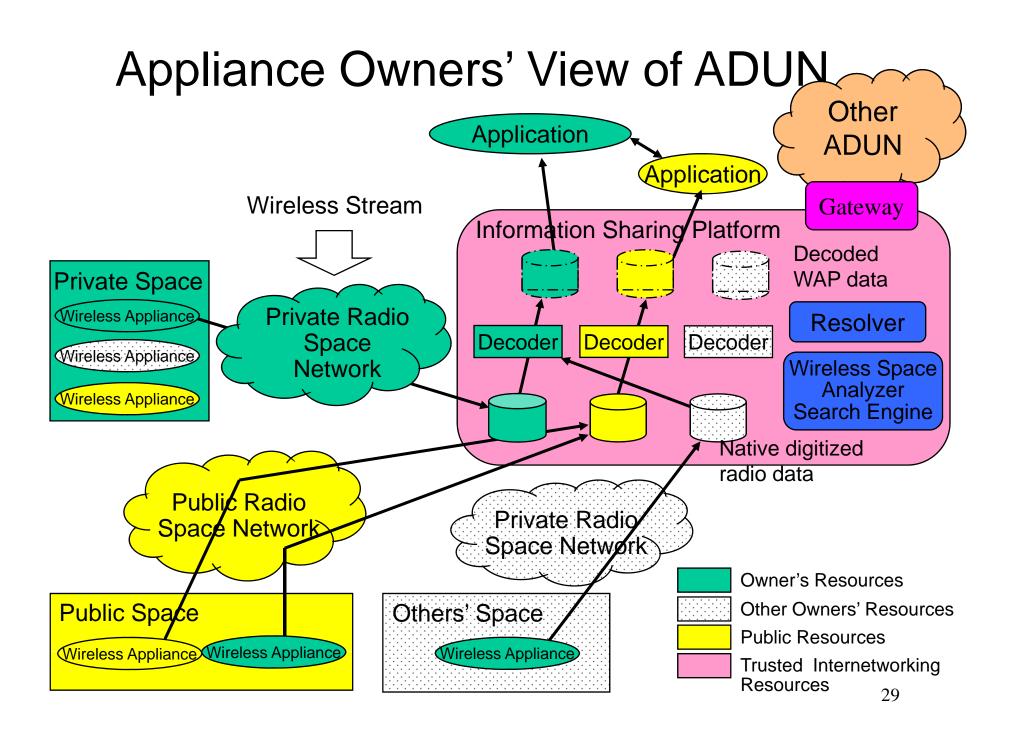
- ·Networks comprise personal private networks
- Data from appliances are collected and processed under the appliance owner's control • Signals from the wireless spaces and appliances of different owners are inter-networked by administrators trusted by the owners.



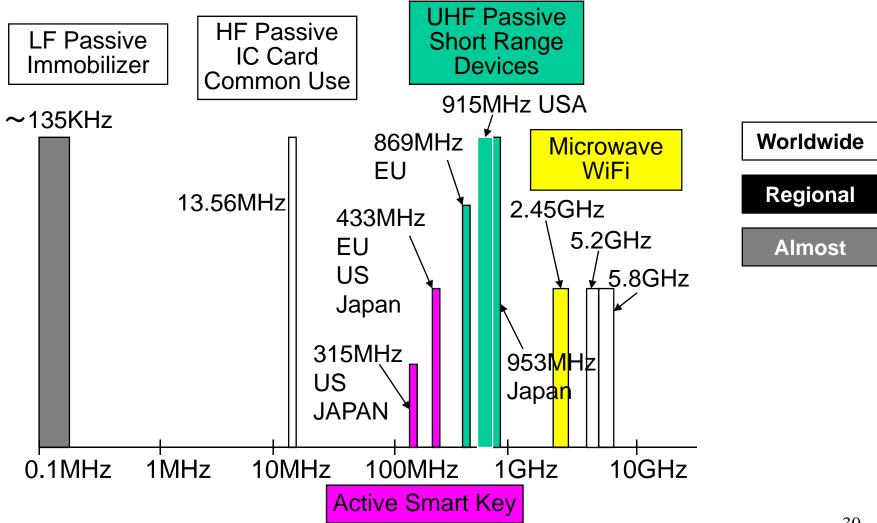
Radio space extension with DROB and SDR

DROB: Digital Radio On Broadband Networks SDR: Software Defined Radio



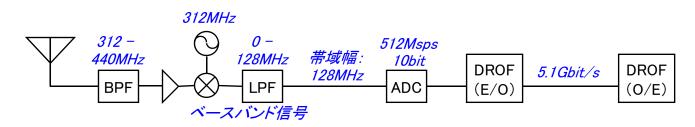


Three Types of Wireless Appliances and Frequency Allocation



Overhead of Wireless Space Networks

Band of 128MHz from 312 to 440MHz is digitized to 5.1Gbps.



Band of 83.5MHz from 2.4 to 24.835MHz is digitized to 8Gbps.



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Comparison of the Internet and ADUN in Architectural Principles

• The goal is connectivity

Closed networking of appliances on individual user basis (Security First)

• The tool is the Internet Protocol

Protocol to virtually extend radio spaces

 (Packet => Stream)
The intelligence is end to end rather than hidden in the network



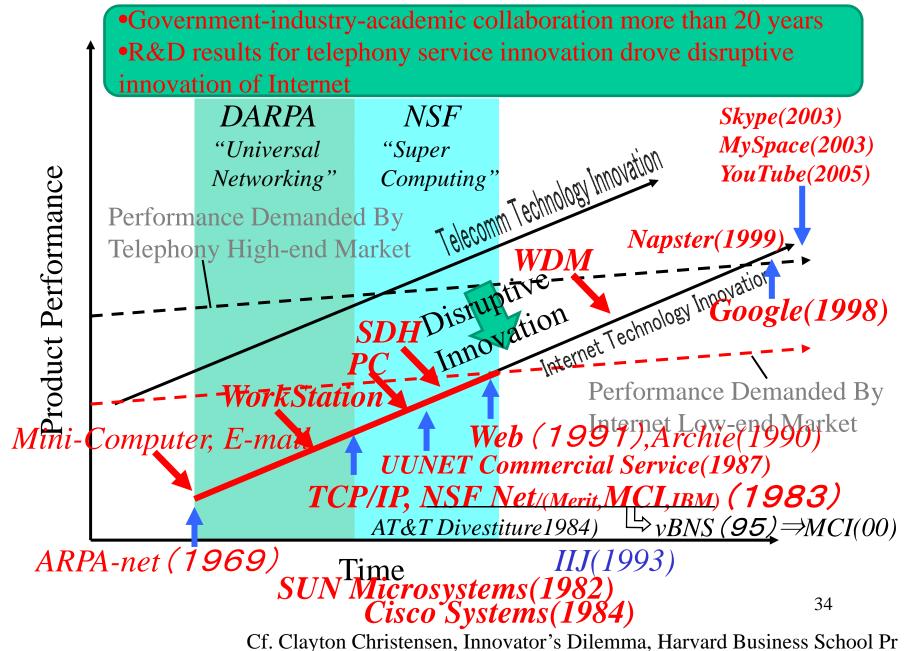
The intelligence is entrusted to the agents in the network

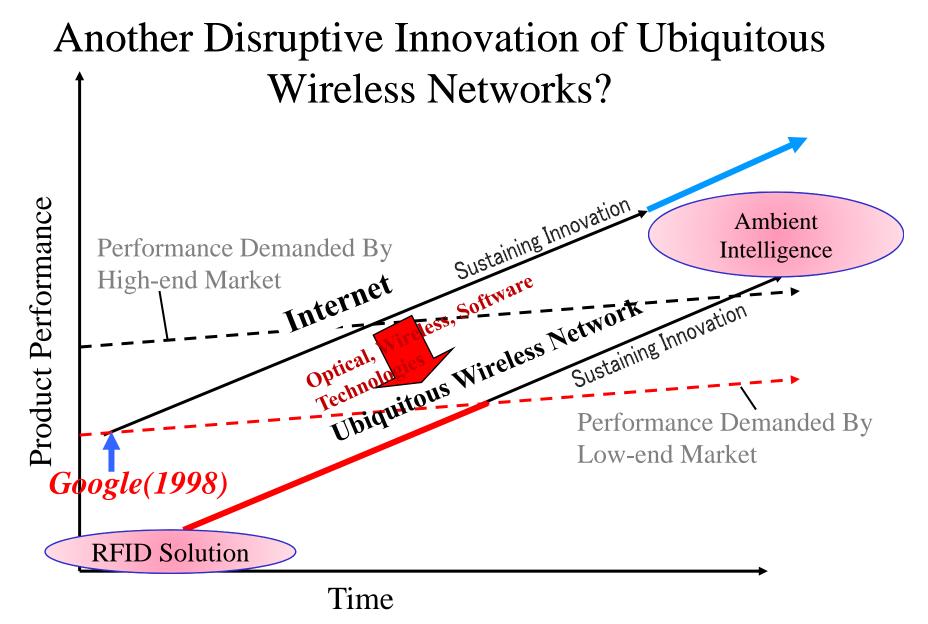
B. Carpenter, Editor: "Architectural Principles of the 32 Internet" Internet Architecture Board, June 1996

Approach to ADUN

• Based on the history of the Internet

The Internet Evolution Through Disruptive Innovation





Industry Creation Platform as R&D Target

- Architectural principles for networks
- Technology seeds
- Daily use applications useful for network evolution and deployment
- Communities of researchers and engineers
 - Use the applications and improve the network and application technologies

Approaches Towards Ubiquitous Networks

